

**CH142 Exam 1
Spring 2019
Answer Key**

1. C
2. B
3. C
4. D
5. A
6. D
7. A
8. C
9. E
10. C

11.

- A) more blue (Cl is a reactant; shifts right)
 B) more pink (endothermic reaction, so heat is like a reactant)
 C) remains purple (only gaseous reactions are affected by container size)
 D) remains purple (catalysts don't affect the position of the equilibrium)
 E) more pink (this removes a reactant; shifts left)

12. $K = [\text{NO}_2]^2 / [\text{N}_2\text{O}_4] = 4.0 \times 10^{-7}$

Need an ICE table.

	$[\text{N}_2\text{O}_4]$	$[\text{NO}_2]$
I	0.1 M	0
C	-x	+2x
E	0.1 - x	2x

$$K = [2x]^2 / [0.1 - x] = 4.0 \times 10^{-7}$$

Easiest way to solve is to ignore x in the denominator.

$$K = [2x]^2 / [0.1] = 4.0 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$x = 1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M, but } [\text{NO}_2] = 2x.$$

$$[\text{NO}_2] = \mathbf{2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}}$$

13. Again, need an ICE table. Bold is what we are given, red is what we infer.

	$[\text{PCl}_5]$	$[\text{PCl}_3]$	$[\text{Cl}_2]$
I	$8.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$	0.298 M	0
C	$-2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$	$+2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$	$+2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$
E	$6.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$	0.3 M	$2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$

$$K = [\text{Cl}_2][\text{PCl}_3] / [\text{PCl}_5] = (2 \times 10^{-3})(0.3) / (6.7 \times 10^{-3}) = \mathbf{0.0896}$$

14. $500 \mu\text{L} = 0.5 \text{ mL}$
 $0.5 \text{ mL} / 3 \text{ mL} \times 1.00 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M} = \mathbf{1.67 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}}$

15. a) $\text{rate} = k [\text{ClO}_2]^2 [\text{OH}^-]$
 b) Use any of the data sets. For example,
 $0.0248 \text{ M/s} = k (0.06)^2 (0.030)$
 $k = \mathbf{230 \text{ M}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}}$

16. a) $t_{1/2} = 0.693/k$
 $k = \mathbf{30 \text{ s}^{-1}}$
 b) $\ln X = -kt + \ln X_0$
 $\ln X = -0.023 \text{ s}^{-1} \times 180 \text{ s} + \ln (0.4)$
 $\ln X = -5.1$
 $X = \mathbf{0.0064 \text{ M}}$

17. A) b
 B) a
 C) 1-d; 2-c; 3-a; 4-b

18.

$$\frac{k_c}{k_u} = \frac{Ae^{-E_{ac}/RT}}{Ae^{-E_{au}/RT}} = e^{(E_{au}-E_{ac})/RT} = e^{(17.7 \times 10^3 \text{ J/mol} - 2.2 \times 10^3 \text{ J/mol}) / (8.314 \text{ J/molK} \times 200 \text{ K})} = \mathbf{11000}$$